Compact Proportional Solenoid Valve

PVQ Series

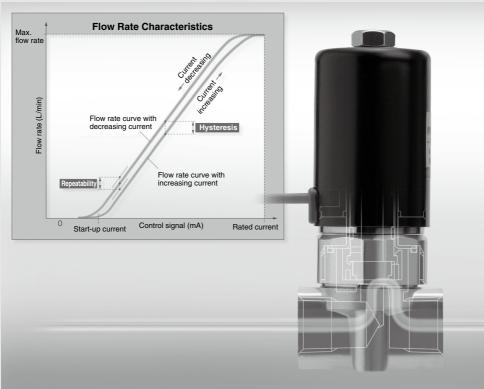
Repeatability: **3**% or less Hysteresis: **10**% or less

Fluid Flow rate control range Note)		Series
Air	0 to 6 L/min	PVQ10
	0 to 100 L/min	PVQ30

Note) Varies depending on the model.



Control the flow rate smoothly according to the current



SMC

975 ®

AR425 to 935

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PVQ

VY1 VBA VBAT

Service life: Lasts 25 million cycles. (PVQ30) (SMC in-house life test conditions)

Specially coated sliding surface realized 25 million cycles within set operating range

Body material: Equivalent to C37 or Stainless Steel 304 (PVQ30)

Seal material: FKM (PVQ10, PVQ30)

Valve returns to closed position when power supply is turned off.

Leakage amount: 5 cm³/min or less at OFF

Can be used with vacuum. (Minimum operating pressure 0.1 Pa.abs)

Operation noise during opening/ closing of the valve reduced

PVQ10	ON	30 dB or less	PVC
	OFF	32 dB or less	PVG
* Backgro	* Bac		

DVO20	ON	43 dB or less				
PVQ30	OFF	50 dB or less				
Packground poice: 20 to 25 dP						

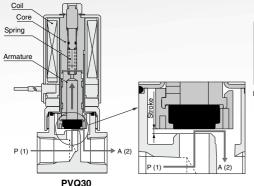
O-rina

Can be mounted on manifolds

When continuously energizing adjacent valves at the same time, ambient temperature rises since the coil generates heat. Implement measures to exhaust excess heat so that the temperature remains within the range of the table on the right.

O-ring

 Ambient temperature: 50°C at the valve proximal section (approx. 1 mm) when the maximum current is applied



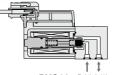
Working Principle

The armature is attracted to the core by electromagnetic force as the coil is energized.

When the applied current varies, the attraction force also varies proportionally to it.

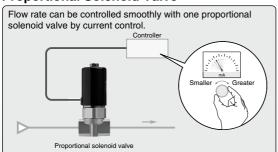
The flow rate is controlled by the movement (stroke) of the armature, depending on the balance between this attraction force and the spring load.

Note) Sliding resistance at this point is the hysteresis of the flow.

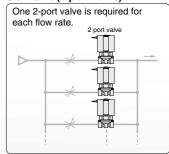


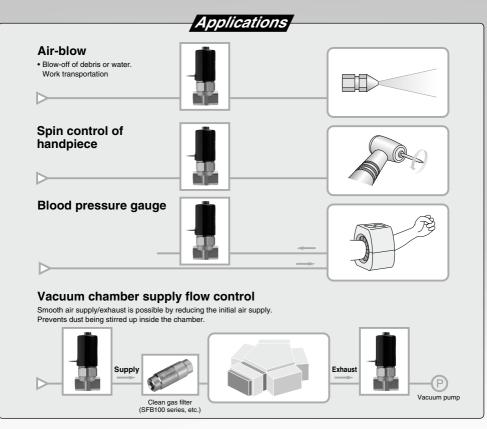
PVQ10 P(1) A(2)

Proportional Solenoid Valve



Current (2 port valve)





Model	PVQ13	PVQ31	PVQ33
Piping type	Base mounted	Body ported	Base mounted
	FOR ACTION AND ACTION ACTION AND ACTION ACTION AND ACTION ACTION AND ACTION ACTION AND ACTION AND ACTION AND ACTION AND ACTION ACTION AND ACTION ACTION AND ACTION ACTION AND ACTION AC	Bracket (Option)	Page 4

Valve construction	Direct operated poppet				Direct operated poppet		
Valve type	N.C.				N.C.		
Orifice size (mm)	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.6	1.6 2.3	
Max. operating pressure differential (MPa)	0.7	0.45	0.2	0.1	0.7	0.35	0.12
Flow rate (L/min)	rate (L/min) 0 to 5 0 to 6 0 to 5		0 to 5	0 to 100 0 to 75			
Applied current (Power supply)	0 to 85 mA (24 VDC) 0 to 170 mA (12 VDC)				0 to 165 mA (24 VDC) 0 to 330 mA (12 VDC)		
Port size	M5				1/8		

977 ®

AR425 to 935

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VBA VBAT

PVQ Series Model Selection

<To use orifice Ø1.6 (See PVQ30: Chart 1)>

Condition 1. $P_1 = 0.7 \text{ Mpa}$, $P_2 = 0 \text{ MPa}$ (Atmospheric pressure)

Refer to curve A when AP is 0.7 MPa.

∆P = (P₁ − P₂) MPa ∆P: Pressure differential P₁: Inlet pressure P₂: Outlet pressure

Ex) At increasing current, the flow rate when 140 mA current is applied is 85 L/min. (See ①.) If current decreases at this point, the flow rate may not change by 135 mA due to hysteresis. (See ②.) The flow rate at increasing current and decreasing current are not the same due to hysteresis. (① 85 L/min., ③ 93 L/min.)

Condition 2. $P_1 = 0.7 \text{ MPa}, P_2 = 0.2 \text{ MPa}$

Refer to curve B when ΔP is 0.5 MPa.

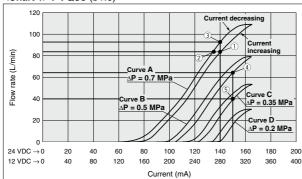
- Ex) At increasing current, the flow rate when 150 mA current is applied is 65 L/min. (See ④.)

 If the outlet pressure P₂ increases by 0.15 MPa, ΔP decreases by 0.15 MPa and becomes 0.35 MPa (See curve C), and the flow rate when the same current is applied is 40 L/min. (See ⑤.)
- The flow rate decreases due to change (increase) in outlet pressure, even if the inlet pressure and current value are the same.

Condition 3. In a vacuum

- For vacuum specifications, the operating pressure range is from 0.1 Pa-abs to max. operating pressure differential.
- A(2) port is applicable with vacuum pressure.

<Chart 1> PVQ30 (Ø1.6)



• Q. Required flow rate = 0 to 75 L/min.

 P_1 = No conditions, P_2 = 0 MPa (Atmospheric pressure)

In this case, all orifice sizes of PVQ30 series satisfy the required flow rate. (Flow rate when rated current is applied) The table below shows the pressure differentials to satisfy the required flow rate. In the flow rate characteristics charts, a pressure differential over the flow rate indicated by the dashed line (75 L/min.) up to the max. operating pressure differential will satisfy the required flow rate.

Table. Pressure differential to satisfy required flow rate = 0 to 75 L/min.

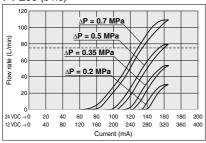
	ø1.6	ø2.3	ø4.0
Pressure differential (ΔP)	0.5 to 0.7 MPa	0.25 to 0.35 MPa	0.12 MPa

 $\Delta P = (P_1 - P_2) MPa$

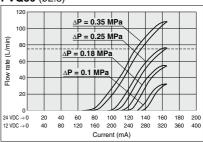
 ΔP : Pressure differential

P₁: Inlet pressure P₂: Outlet pressure

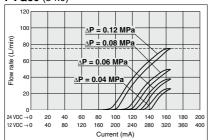
PVQ30 (Ø1.6)







PVQ30 (ø4.0)



Note

- For this product, the max. operating pressure differential varies by orifice diameter.
 Operate at a pressure differential which is 20% or more of the max. operating pressure differential.
 If the product must be operated at a pressure differential which is less than 20% of the max. operating pressure differential, either change the size of the orifice or change to a size from the PVQ10 series.
- 2) The smaller the pressure differential the product is operating at is in relation to the max. operating pressure differential, the smaller the controllable flow rate range and electric current range will be. This may result in reduced controllability, and hunting phenomenon or valve opening failure may occur.
- 3) If this product is used for the charging and discharging of a tank, the valve pressure differential may get smaller due to pressure fluctuations in the tank, which may result in valve opening failure.
- 4) Flow rate depends on individual differences between valves and piping conditions. Refer to flow rate characteristics chart to select the model with adequate margin for required flow rate.
- 5) Follow the same procedure for selecting PVQ10 series.

ARJ AR425

to 935

ARX AMR

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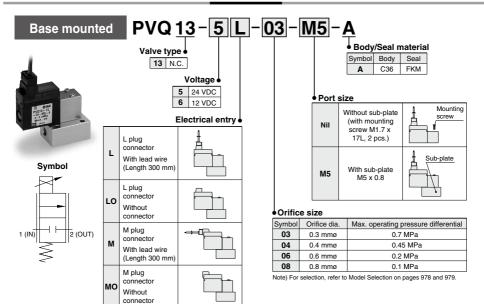
ITVX

PVQ VY1

VBA VBAT

PVQ10 Series

How to Order



Refer to page 981 for the different lead wire lengths of L and M plug connectors.

Specifications

"	Valve construction	Direct opera	ated poppet				
Ë	Fluid	Air					
cati	Seal material	Fk	(M				
ij	Body material	C	36				
specifications	Fluid temperature	0 to +	-50°C				
	Ambient temperature Note 1)	0 to +50°C					
Standard	Action	N.C. (Normally closed)					
star	Mounting orientation	Unres	tricted				
٠,	Port size	M	15				
su	Power supply	24 VDC	12 VDC				
atic	Coil current	0 to 85 mA	0 to 170 mA				
Coil specifications	Power consumption	0 to 2 W					
sbe	Coil insulation	Class B					

	Orifice diameter (mmø)	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.8
	Max. operating pressure differential (MPa) Note 2)	0.7	0.45	0.2	0.1
ış çı	Max. operating pressure (MPa)	1 MPa			
Characteristic specifications	Min. operating pressure (MPa) (Vacuum) Note 3)	0 (0.1 Pa.abs)			
rac	Flow rate (L/min) (at max. operating pressure differential)	ntial) 0 to 5 0 to 6			0 to 5
ညီ မွ	Hysteresis (at max. operating pressure differential)	10% or less			
	Repeatability (at max. operating pressure differential)	3% or less			
	Start-up current (at max. operating pressure differential)	al) 50% or less			

When the valve is continuously energized (when applying maximum current) and the ambient temperature is kept at 50°C due to the convection of the air around the valve, the coil outer surface reaches approximately 90°C, and the coil proximal section (1 mm) reaches approximately 60°C. Use the product at a temperature of not more than 50°C.

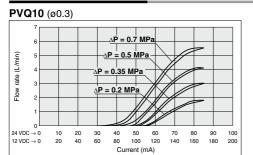
* Refer to the Specific Product Precautions "Continuous Energization."

Note 2) Maximum operating pressure differential indicates pressure differential (difference between inlet and outlet pressure) which can be allowed for operation with the valve closed or open. If the pressure differential exceeds the max. operating pressure differential of orifice, the valve may leak.

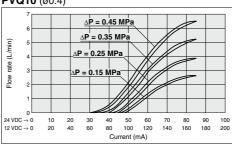
Note 3) For vacuum application, max. operating pressure range is 0.1 Pa-abs to max. operating pressure differential. A(2) port is applicable for vacuum pressure.

Note 1) Indicates the ambient temperature when the valve is not energized.

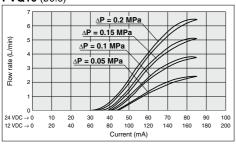
Flow Rate Characteristics



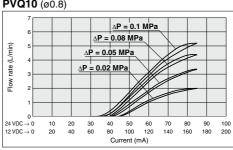
PVQ10 (Ø0.4)



PVQ10 (Ø0.6)

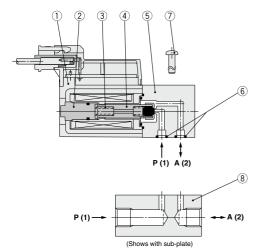


PVQ10 (Ø0.8)



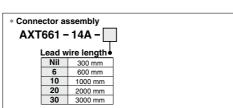
Note) Flow rate varies depending on model differences and piping conditions. Select the model that fully satisfies the necessary flow rate based on the flow rate characteristics graphs.

Construction



Component Borto

Component Parts							
No.	Description	Material	Note				
1	Solenoid coil assembly	_					
2	Core	Stainless steel					
3	Return spring	Stainless steel					
4	Armature assembly	Stainless steel, Aluminum, FKM					
5	Body	Brass (C36)					
6	O-ring	FKM					
7	Round head combination screw	Steel	M1.7 x 0.35 x 17L, 2 pcs.				
8	Sub-plate	C36	Part no: PVQ10-15-M5				



For the product with the lead wire, the lead wire length is 300 mm. To extend the lead wire length to 600 mm or more, select the valve without connector and order the connector assembly separately.

ARJ AR425 to 935 ARX

AMR

ARM ARP

IR□-A

IR IRV

VEX SRH

SRP

SRF

ITV IC

ITVH

ITVX

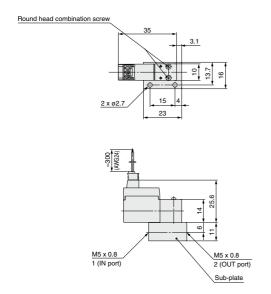
PVQ VY1

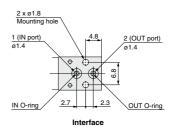
VBA VBAT

PVQ10 Series

Dimensions

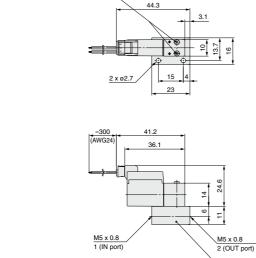
L plug connector PVQ13-□L-□-M5

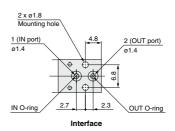




M plug connector PVQ13-□M-□-M5

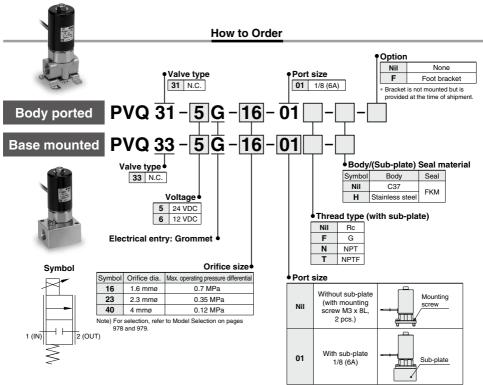
Round head combination screw





Sub-plate

PVQ30 Series



Specifications

	Valve construction	Direct opera	ated poppet	
S	Fluid	Air		
aţ	Seal material	FKM		
lice	Body material	Brass C37 (Standa	rd), Stainless steel	
eci	Fluid temperature	0 to +	-50°C	
Standard specifications	Ambient temperature Note 1)	0 to +50°C		
	Action	N.C. (Normally closed)		
	Mounting orientation	Unrestricted		
ŝ	Enclosure	IP40		
	Port size	Rc 1/8		
Suc	Power supply	24 VDC	12 VDC	
ăţi ji	Coil current	0 to 165 mA	0 to 330 mA	
Coil specifications	Power consumption	0 to	4 W	
sbe	Coil insulation	Class B		

Note 1) Indicates the ambient temperature when the valve is not energized.
When the valve is continuously energized (when applying maximum current)
and the ambient temperature is kept at 50°C due to the convection of the air
around the valve, the coil outer surface reaches approximately 100°C, and
the coil proximal section (1 mm) reaches approximately 70°C. Use the
product at a temperature of not more than 50°C.

^{*} Refer to the Specific Product Precautions "Continuous Energization."

sus	Orifice diameter (mmø)	1.6	2.3	4.0	
	Max. operating pressure differential (MPa) Note 2)	0.7	0.12		
ä	Max. operating pressure (MPa)	1 MPa			
specifications	Min. operating pressure (MPa) (Vacuum) Note 3)	0 (0.1 Pa.abs)			
	Flow rate (L/min) (at max. operating pressure differential)	0 to 100 0		0 to 75	
cteris	Hysteresis (at max. operating pressure differential)	10% or less		13% or less	
Characteristic	Repeatability (at max. operating pressure differential)	3% or less		3	
	Start-up current (at max. operating pressure differential)	50% (or less	65% or less	

Note 2) Maximum operating pressure differential indicates pressure differential (difference between inlet and outlet pressure) which can be allowed for operation with the valve closed or open. If the pressure differential exceeds the max. operating pressure differential of orifice, the valve may leak.

Note 3) For vacuum application, max. operating pressure range is 0.1 Pa-abs to max. operating pressure differential. A(2) port is applicable for vacuum pressure.

ARJ AR425

to 935

ARX

AMR

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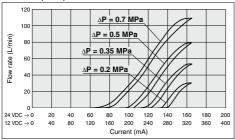
VY1 VBA VBAT AP100

PVQ30 Series

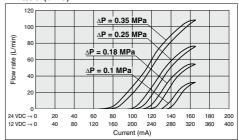
Flow Rate Characteristics

Air

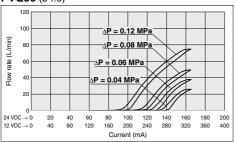
PVQ30 (Ø1.6)



PVQ30 (ø2.3)



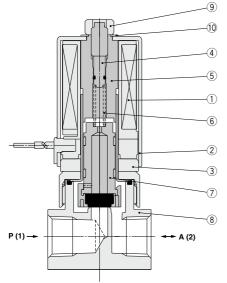
PVQ30 (ø4.0)



Note) Flow rate varies depending on model differences and piping conditions.

Select the model that fully satisfies the necessary flow rate based on the flow rate characteristics graphs.

Construction



Component Parts

No.	Description	Material		Note	
1	Solenoid coil assembly	_			
2	Coil cover	SPCE			
3	Magnetic plate	SUY			
4	Adjusting screw	Stainless steel			
5	Tube assembly	Stainless steel			
6	Return spring	Stainless steel			
7	Armature assembly	Stainless steel, PPS, PTFE, FKM			
8	Body	Brass or Stainless steel			
9	Nut	Steel			
10	Wave washer	Stainless steel			
11	Round head combination screw	Copper		M3 x 0.5 x 8L, 2 pcs.	
12	Sub-plate	Brass or Stainless steel	Base mounted	Part no.: PVQ30-15□-01□	
13	O-ring	FKM	only		
14	O-ring	FKM			
Ontion (Body nested only)					

Option (Body ported only)

• Bracket assembly: VDW20-15A-1

Sub-plate Part No.

PVQ30-15 -01 -Thread type

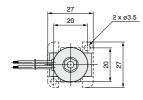
Material

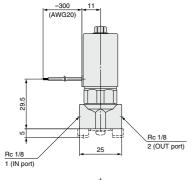
C C C36
S Stainless steel

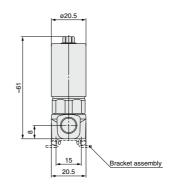
Compact Proportional Solenoid Valve **PVQ30 Series**

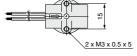
Dimensions



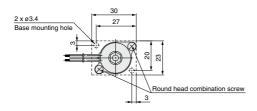


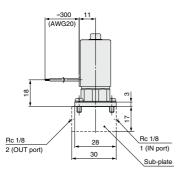


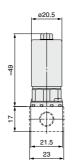


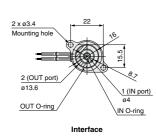


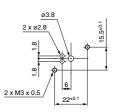
PVQ33











Machining dimension of base side

ARJ AR425 to 935

ARX

ARM

ARP

IR□-A

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VEX

SRP

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ITV IC

ITVH

ITVX

PVQ VY1

VBA VBAT AP100

PVQ Series Glossary

■ Proportional control

Control the fluid proportionally according to input signal (current).

■ Max. operating pressure differential

Indicates max. pressure differential (difference between inlet and outlet pressure) which is allowed for operation with the valve closed or open.

■ Max. operating pressure

This indicates the limit of pressure that can be applied to the inlet. (The pressure differential of the proportional valve must be no more than the maximum operating pressure differential.)

Orifice diameter

Diameter of the hole for sealing the valve body of the proportional valve. This does not indicate the effective cross section.

■ Hysteresis

Greatest flow rate difference between current increase and current decrease (with the same current). (Percentage divided by max. flow rate)

■ Repeatability

Deviation of output flow rate when the same current is applied. (Percentage divided by max. flow rate)

■ Start-up current

Current at which the flow rate is actually output while increasing current from zero. (Percentage divided by rated current)





PVQ Series Specific Product Precautions

Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to back page 50 for Safety Instructions.

Power Source Selection

⚠ Caution

This product makes proportional control possible with constant current.

If controlled with voltage, the output flow rate cannot be kept constant due to current fluctuation. Use stable DC power source of sufficient capacity without much ripple.

Handling

∧ Caution

 This product is adjusted to the respective specifications at SMC factory before delivery.

Do not disassemble the product or remove parts as it could cause breakdown of the product.

Flow rate is controlled by balancing the valve body.

Do not expose the product to external vibration and impact as it changes the flow rate.

Vibration may occur depending on the piping conditions or control methods.

Pressure Difference

Leakage from the valve may be caused if the pressure difference is larger than the maximum operating pressure differential of the respective models.

Flow Rate

Flow rate varies depending on model differences and piping conditions.

Select the model that fully satisfies the necessary flow rate based on the flow rate characteristics graphs.

Operation in Vacuum

↑ Caution

When the product is used in vacuum, apply vacuum pressure to A (2) port.

The pressure at P(1) port should be larger than the pressure at A(2) port.

Valve Mounting

↑ Caution

When mounting a valve to the sub-plate, tighten the screw securely with the tightening torque shown in the table below after checking the installation condition of the O-ring on the interface side.

Proper Tightening Torque (N·m)

PVQ10 (Base mounted)	PVQ30 (Base mounted)
0.15 to 0.22	0.8 to 1.0

Continuous Energization

⚠ Warning

1. Ambient temperature and outer surface temperature

When the valve is continuously energized (when applying maximum current) and the ambient temperature is kept at 50°C due to the convection of the air around the valve, the coil outer surface reaches approximately 90°C for the PVQ10 series and 100°C for the PVQ30 series.

The valve proximal section (approx. 1 mm) reaches approximately 60°C for the PVQ10 series and 70°C for the PVQ30 series.

When the valve is mounted inside the enclosed control panel (in a state without convection of air), however, the above temperature may be exceeded due to the rise in coil temperature or the influence of other equipment. Take measures to release the heat, for example, to create a convection of the air around the valve or provide an air vent.

Do not touch the valve directly with hands. The coil can be hot depending on the ambient temperature or energizing time.

Install a protective cover over the valve if it can be touched directly with hands.

Model Selection

1. For this product, the max. operating pressure differential varies by orifice diameter.

Operate at a pressure differential which is 20% or more of the max. operating pressure differential.

If the product must be operated at a pressure differential which is less than 20% of the max. operating pressure differential, either change the size of the orifice or change to a size from the PVO10 series.

- The smaller the pressure differential the product is operating at is in relation to the max. operating pressure differential, the smaller the controllable flow rate range and electric current range will be. This may result in reduced controllability, and hunting phenomenon or valve opening failure may occur.
- If this product is used for the charging and discharging of a tank, the valve pressure differential may get smaller due to pressure fluctuations in the tank, which may result in valve opening failure.

ARJ AR425

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ARM

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PVQ VY1

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