Service

1/8

Pressure reducing valve, direct operated

RE 26585/05.11 Replaces: 06.03

Type ZDR

Size 10 Component series 5X Maximum operating pressure 210 bar Maximum flow 80 l/min



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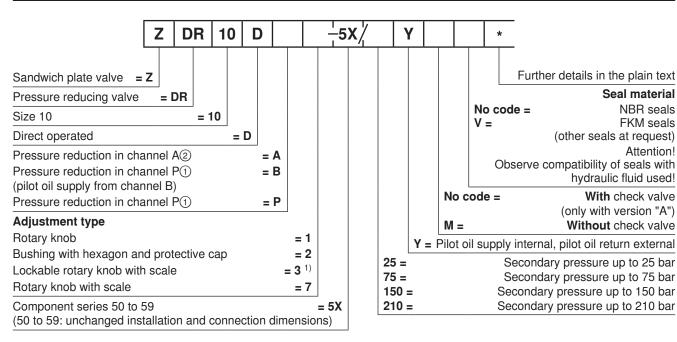
Contents	Page	 Sandwich plate valve
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Features

- Pressure reduction in channel A, B or channel P

Information on available spare parts: www.boschrexroth.com/spc

Ordering code



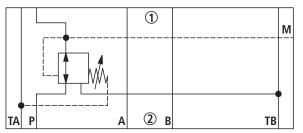
¹⁾ H-key with material no. **R900008158** is included in the delivery

F Note!

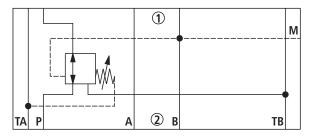
For port X and Y bored according to ISO 4401-05-05-0-05 (e.g. for pilot operated directional valve size 10), version **"SO30"** at the end of the order code applies!

Symbols (1) = component side, 2) = plate side)





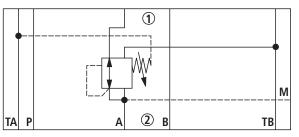
Type ZDR 10 DB...YM...



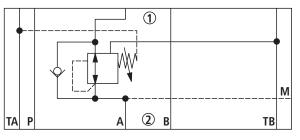
IF Note!

Deviating from ISO 4401, port T is in this data sheet called TA, port T1 is called TB.

Type ZDR 10 DA...YM...



Type ZDR 10 DA...Y...



Standard types and standard units are contained in the EPS (standard price list).

Function, section

The valve type ZDR is a direct operated pressure reducing valve in sandwich plate design with pressure limitation of the secondary circuit. It is used to reduce the system pressure.

The pressure reducing valve basically comprises of a housing (1), a control spool (2), a compression spring (3), adjustment type (4) and an optional check valve.

The secondary pressure is set via the adjustment type (4).

Version "A"

In the initial position the valve is open. Hydraulic fluid can flow from channel A(1) to channel A(2) without limitation. Via the pilot line (5), the pressure in channel A(2) is simultaneously applied to the spool face vis-à-vis the compression spring (3). If the pressure in channel A(2) rises above the value set at the compression spring (3), the control spool (2) moves against the compression spring (3) into the control position and thereby holds the set pressure in channel A(2) constant.

Control signal and pilot oil are provided internally, via the control line (5), from channel A(2).

If the pressure in channel A② continues to increase due to external forces at the actuator, the control spool (2) moves further against the compression spring (3).

Thus, channel A($\hat{2}$) is, via control edge (6) at the control spool (2) and housing (1) connected with the tank (channel TB). Hydraulic fluid continues to flow to the tank until the pressure no longer increases.

The leakage oil drain from the spring chamber (7) is always external, via channel TA.

A pressure gauge connection (8) allows for the control of the secondary pressure at the valve.

With version "A", a check valve can be used for free flow back from channel A(2) to A(1).

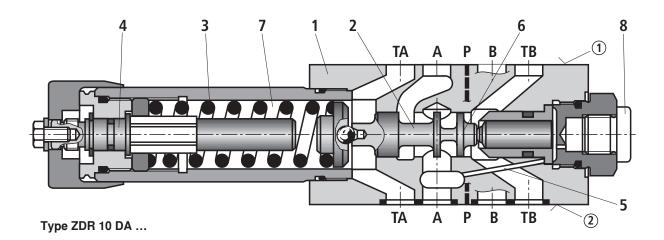
Versions "P" and "B"

With version "P", the pressure is reduced in channel P1. Control signal and pilot oil are provided internally, from channel P1.

With version "B", the pressure is reduced in channel P(1), the pilot oil is, however, taken from channel B. If the directional valve is in spool position P to A, the pressure in channel B must not exceed the set secondary pressure. Otherwise, the pressure in channel A will be reduced.

Attention!

- In case of use without directional valve, channels TA and TB must be connected with each other (e.g. in the cover plate).
- In the set-up of a directional seat valve size 10, a sandwich plate type HSZ10A078-3X/M00 (Material no. R900537264) must be used.



= component side
 = plate side

Technical Data (For applications outside these parameters, please consult us!)

general	
Weight kg	Approx. 2.8
Installation position	Any
Ambient temperature range °C	-30 to +80 (NBR seals) -20 to +80 (FKM seals)

hydraulic

Maximum operating pressure – Input bar	315		
Maximum secondary pressure - Output bar	25; 75; 150; 210		
Maximum backpressure – Port T bar	160		
Maximum flow I/min	80		
Hydraulic fluid	See table below		
Hydraulic fluid temperature range °C	-30 to +80 (NBR seals) -20 to +80 (FKM seals)		
Viscosity range mm ² /s	10 to 800		
Maximum permitted degree of contamination of the hydraulic fluid - cleanliness class according to ISO 4406 (c)	Class 20/18/15 ¹⁾		

Hydraulic fluid		Classification	Suitable sealing materials	Standards	
Mineral oils and related hydrocarbons		HL, HLP, HLPD	NBR, FKM	DIN 51524	
Environmentally compatible	 Insoluble in water 	HETG	NBR, FKM	ISO 15380	
	- Insoluble in water	HEES	FKM	- 150 15380	
	 Soluble in water 	HEPG	FKM	ISO 15380	
Flame-resistant	- Water-free	HFDU, HFDR	FKM	ISO 12922	
	- Water-containing	HFC (Fuchs Hydrotherm 46M, Petrofer Ultra Safe 620)	NBR	ISO 12922	

Important information on hydraulic fluids!

- For more information and data on the use of other hydraulic fluids refer to data sheet 90220 or contact us!

 There may be limitations regarding the technical valve data (temperature, pressure range, service life, maintenance intervals, etc.)!

- Flame-resistant - water-containing:

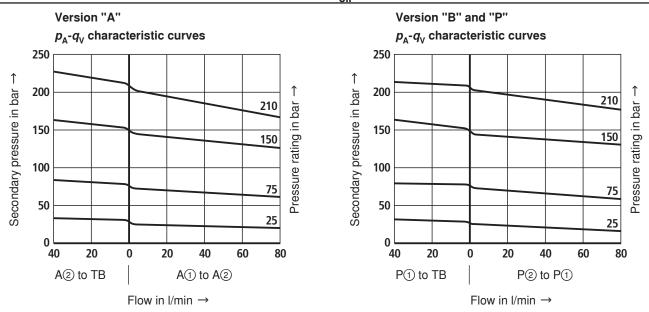
Maximum operating pressure 210 bar

Maximum hydraulic fluid temperature 60 °C

- Expected service life as compared to HLP hydraulic oil 30 % to 100 %
- ¹⁾ The cleanliness classes specified for the components must be adhered to in hydraulic systems. Effective filtration prevents faults and at the same time increases the service life of the components.

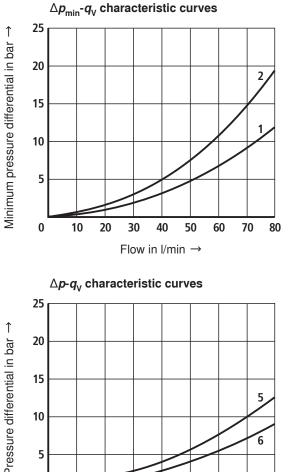
For the selection of the filters see www.boschrexroth.com/filter.

Characteristic curves (measured with HLP46, $\vartheta_{oil} = 40 \pm 5 \text{ °C}$)

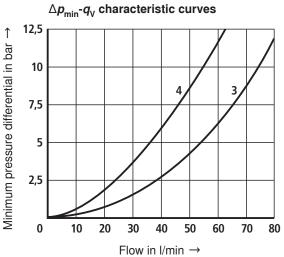


If Note!

The curve development is maintained according to the pressure rating if the pressure is set lower.

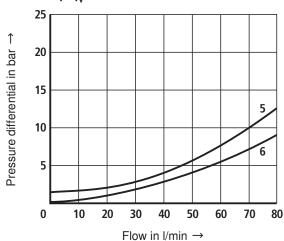




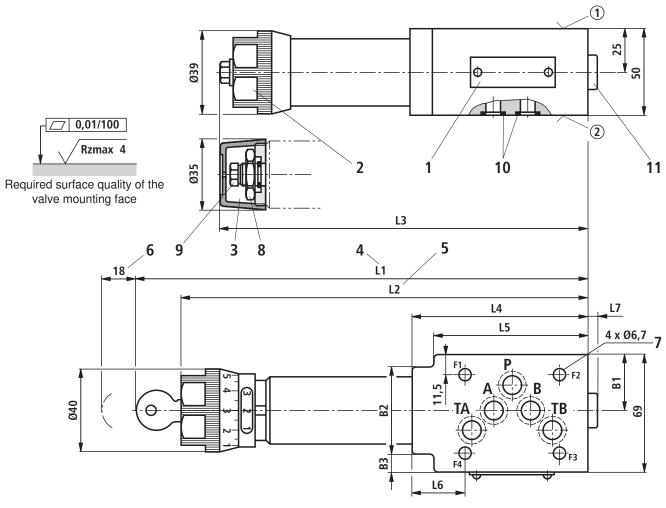


- 1 A(1) to A(2)
- 2 A2 to TB (3rd way)
- **3** P(2) to P(1)
- 4 P1 to TB (3rd way)
- 5 A2 to A1; flow only via check valve
- 6 A2 to A1; flow via check valve and completely opened control cross-section

The characteristic curves apply to the pressure at the valve output $p_{T} = 0$ bar across the entire flow range.



Unit dimensions (dimensions in mm)



Version	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	L6	L7	B1	B2	B3
"A"	254	230	210	104	93	31,5	3,8	32,9	51	12
"B" and "P"	242	218	198	91	-	18,5	15,8	35	-	-

- 1 Name plate
- 2 Adjustment type "1"
- 3 Adjustment type "2"
- 4 Adjustment type "3"
- 5 Adjustment type "7"
- 6 Space required to remove the key
- 7 Valve mounting bores
- 8 Lock nut SW24
- 9 Hexagon SW10
- 10 Identical seal rings for ports A, B, P, TA and TB
- **11** Pressure gauge connection G1/4; 12 deep; internal hexagon SW6

Valve mounting screws (separate order)

4 hexagon socket head cap screws ISO 4762 - M6 - 10.9

IF Notes!

- Length and tightening torque of the valve mounting screws must be calculated according to the components mounted under and over the sandwich plate valve.
- For port X and Y bored according to ISO 4401-05-05-0-05 (e.g. for pilot operated directional valve size 10), version "SO30" at the end of the order code applies!
- Deviating from ISO 4401, port T is in this data sheet called TA, port T1 is called TB.
 - ① Component side porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05
 - Plate side porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05

Notes

Notes

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