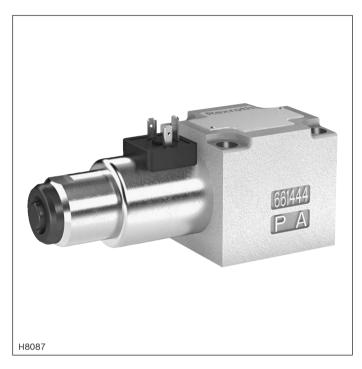


# Directional seat valves, direct operated, with solenoid actuation

### **RE 22045-XN**

Edition: 2016-04 Replaces: 07.10

### Type SED ...XN



- Size 10
- Component series 1X
- Maximum operating pressure 350 bar
- ► Maximum flow 40 I/min



### **ATEX units**

### For potentially explosive areas



#### Information on the explosion protection:

- Area of application in accordance with the Explosion Protection Directive 2014/34/EU: II 3G; II 3D
- ► Type of protection of the valve solenoids:
  - Ex nA IIC T3 Gc according to EN 60079-15 and
  - Ex tc IIIC T140 °C Dc according to EN 60079-31

### **Features**

- ▶ 3/2- or 4/2-way version
- ▶ For intended use in potentially explosive atmosphere
- ▶ Porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05
- ▶ Wet-pin DC solenoids
- ► Electrical connection with individual connection
- ▶ With manual override, optional

### **Contents**

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### **Ordering code**

01		02	03	04	05	06		07	08	09	1	.0	11	12		13	14		
М	-		SED	10		1X		350	С	G2	4	]	XN	K4	/			7	
									•		•		•			•	•		
01	Miner	al oil																	М
02	3 mai	n port	.s																3
	4 mai																		4
03	Seat	rahra																	SED
03																			SED
04	Size 1	.0																	10
Symb	ools																		
05	Main	ports								3							4		
		a		A O	∖∖∖∖ Ь					✓							_		UK
		а ∭	A P T	<b>\$</b>	b					<b>✓</b>							_		ск
		a	F	A B	∖∖∖∖ Ь					_							<b>✓</b>		D
		а ∭	A B P T		\ b					_							✓		Y
06	Comp	onent	series	10 1	.9 (10	19:	unch	anged i	nstall	ation a	and co	nne	ction	dime	nsion	s)			1X
07			ressure																350
80	vvet-p	ın sol	enoid w	ith det	acnab	ne coil													С
Volta	_																		
09	Direc	t volta	ge 24 V																G24
10	With	manu	al overri	de															N
	With	out ma	anual ov	erride															no code
Explo	osion p	rotec	tion																
11	"Not i																		XN
	For d	etails,	see info	rmatio	on on	the ex	plosio	n prote	ction	page	7								
Elect	rical c	onnec	tion																
12			onnect	ion										,					
	Solen	oid w	ithout m	ating	conne	ctor													K4
1																			

For details of electrical connections, see page 15

### **Ordering code**

01		02	03	04	05	06		07	80	09	10	11	12		13	14
М	-		SED	10		1X	/	350	С	G24		XN	K4	/		

13	Without check valve insert, without throttle insert	no code
	Throttle Ø 1.2 mm	B12
	Throttle Ø 1.5 mm	B15
	Throttle Ø 1.8 mm	B18
	Throttle Ø 2.0 mm	B20
	Throttle Ø 2.2 mm	B22

### Seal material

14	NBR seals	no code
	FKM seals	V
	Observe compatibility of seals with hydraulic fluid used.	

Notice:

Representation of the symbols according to DIN ISO 1219-1.

### Function, section, symbols: 3/2 directional seat valve

#### General

Directional valves of the type SED are direct operated directional seat valves with solenoid actuation. They control start, stop and direction of flow.

Directional valves basically comprise the housing (1), the solenoid (2), the valve seats (7) and (11) and the control spool (4).

The manual override (6) allows for the switching of the valve without solenoid energization.

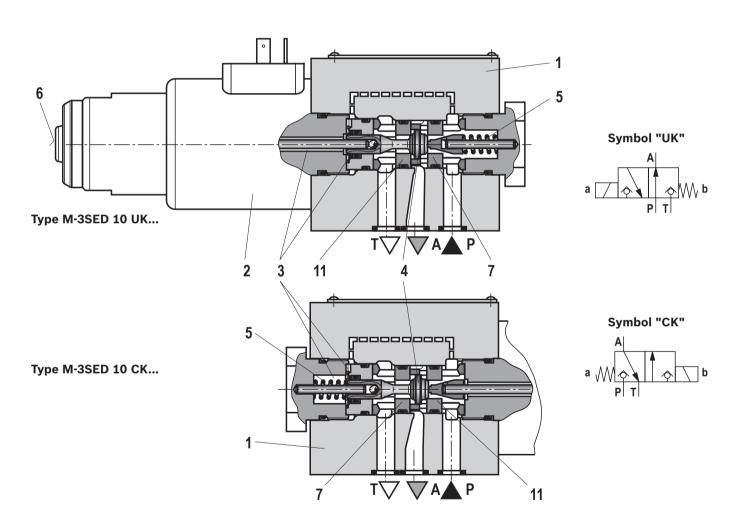
### **Basic principle**

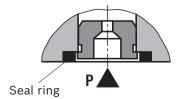
The initial position of the valve (normally open "UK" or normally closed "CK") is determined by the arrangement of the spring (5). The chamber (3) behind the control spool (4) is connected to port P and sealed against port T. Thus, the valve is pressure-compensated in relation to the actuating forces (solenoid and spring).

By means of the control spool (4), the ports P, A and T can be loaded with the maximum operating pressure (350 bar) and the flow can be directed in both directions (see symbols).

In the initial position, the control spool (4) is pressed onto the seat (11) by the spring (5), in spool position, it is pressed onto the seat (7) by the solenoid (2). The flow is blocked.

Seat valves can be used according to the symbols as well as the assigned operating pressures and flows (see performance limits on page 8).





### Throttle insert "...B"

The use of a throttle insert is required when, due to prevailing operating conditions, flows occur during the switching processes, which exceed the performance limit of the valve.

### Function, section, symbols: 4/2 directional seat valve

With a sandwich plate, the **Plus-1 plate**, under the 3/2 directional seat valve, the function of a 4/2 directional seat valve is achieved.

### Function of the Plus-1 plate

### ► Initial position:

The main valve is not actuated. The spring (5) holds the control spool (4) on the seat (11). Port P is blocked and A is connected to T. Apart from that, one control line is connected from A to the large area of the control spool (8), which is thus unloaded to the tank. The pressure applied via P now pushes the ball (9) onto the seat (10). Now, P is connected to B, and A to T.

### ► Transition position:

When the main valve is actuated, the control spool (4) is shifted against the spring (5) and pressed onto the seat (7). During this, port T is blocked, P, A, and B are briefly connected to each other.

### ► Spool position:

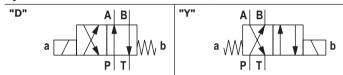
P is connected to A. As the pump pressure acts via A on the large area of the control spool (8), the ball (9) is pressed onto the seat (12). Thus, B is connected to T, and P to A. The ball (9) in the Plus-1 plate has a "positive spool overlap".

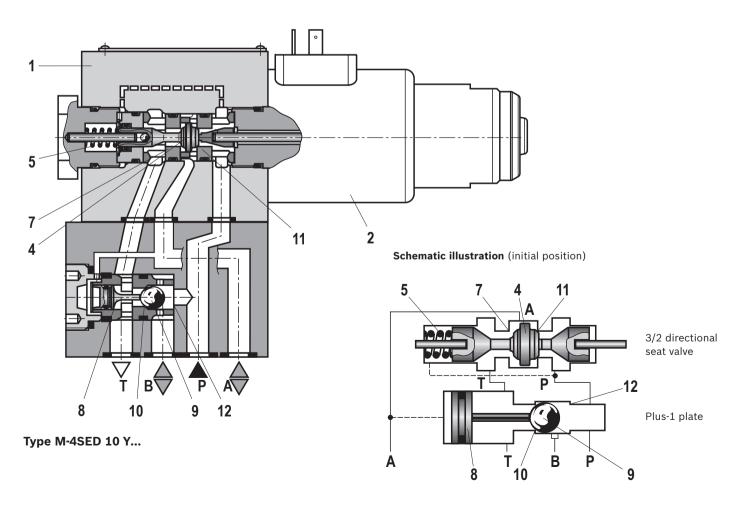
### Notice:

If the annulus area of differential cylinders is not connected to port A, a pressure peak is created in port B during the switching process. This pressure peak may exceed the maximum admissible operating pressure over the permissible limit.

The use of the Plus-1 plate and the seat arrangement offer the following options:

### **Symbols**





### **Technical data**

(For applications outside these parameters, please consult us!)

general			
Installation posit	ion		Any
Ambient tempera	ature range	-20 +50 <sup>1)</sup>	
Storage tempera	ture range	°C	+5 +40
Maximum storage	e time	Years	1
Weight	▶ 3/2 directional seat valve	kg	3.3
	► 4/2 directional seat valve	kg	4.7
Surface protection	on		Galvanized

hydraulic		
Maximum operating pressure	bar	See table page 8
Maximum flow	l/min	40
Hydraulic fluid		See table below
Hydraulic fluid temperature range	°C	-20 +80 (NBR seals) <sup>2)</sup> -15 +80 (FKM seals) <sup>2)</sup>
Viscosity range m	nm²/s	2.8 500
Maximum admissible degree of contamination of the hydraulic fluid Cleanliness class according to ISO 4406 (c)		Class 20/18/15 <sup>3)</sup>
Maximum surface temperature	°C	See information on the explosion protection, page 7

Hydraulic fluid		Classification	Suitable sealing materials	Standards	Data sheet
Mineral oils	'	HL, HLP, HLPD	NBR, FKM	DIN 51524	90220
Bio-degradable	► Insoluble in water	HETG	NBR, FKM	ISO 15380	90221
		HEES	FKM		
	► Soluble in water	HEPG	FKM	ISO 15380	

### Important information on hydraulic fluids:

- ► For further information and data on the use of other hydraulic fluids, please refer to the data sheets above or contact us!
- ► There may be limitations regarding the technical valve data (temperature, pressure range, life cycle, maintenance intervals, etc.)!
- ► Ignition temperature > 190 °C
- $^{\rm 1)}$  Maximum 40 °C when using the cable sets DS2513, see page 15
- Observe the "Special application condition for safe application" on page 7.
- 3) The cleanliness classes specified for the components must be adhered to in hydraulic systems. Effective filtration prevents faults and at the same time increases the life cycle of the components.

For the selection of the filters, see www.boschrexroth.com/filter.

### **Technical data**

(For applications outside these parameters, please consult us!)

electric	<u>'</u>					
Voltage type			Direct voltage			
Available voltages		V	24			
Voltage tolerance (nominal voltage)		%	±10			
Admissible residual ripple		%	< 5			
Duty cycle / operating mode according to VDE 0580			S1 (continuous operation)			
Rated current	ated current mA		950			
Switching times according to ISO 6403 4)	► ON	ms	40 80			
	▶ OFF	ms	10 25			
Maximum switching frequency		Hz	1			
Maximum switch-off voltage peaks Solenoic		V	500, suitable damping by user required			
Nominal power at ambient temperature 20	°C	W	23			
Maximum power with 1.1 x nominal voltage		W	28.8			
and ambient temperature 20 °C	,					
Protection class according to EN 60529			IP 65 <sup>5)</sup>			

Area of application according to directive 2014/34/EU  Type of protection valve  c (EN 13463-5)  Maximum surface temperature 6)  CC 140  Temperature class  Type of protection valve solenoid according to Ex to IIIC T140 °C Dc EN 60079-15 / EN 60079-31  Type examination certificate Solenoid  Special application conditions for safe application  P Connection lines must be passed in a pull-relieved way.  The valve is to be installed so that no impact stresses > 4 J can take effect.  In order to avoid dangers caused by static charge, the base and/or subplate on which the valve is to be fitted must be electrically conductive and included in the equipotential bonding.  The valve solenoid must not be installed close to charge generating processes.  Dust layers with a thickness > 50 mm are not admissible.  Maximum hydraulic fluid temperature:  In case of bank assembly, as long as only one solenoid is energized at a time, and in case of individual assembly: +80 °C  In case of bank assembly when more than one solenoid is energized at a time, and in case of individual assembly: +80 °C  In case of bank assembly when more than one solenoid is energized at a time, and in case of individual assembly: +80 °C  In case of bank assembly when more than one solenoid is energized at a time, and in case of individual assembly: +80 °C  In case of bank assembly when more than one solenoid is energized at a time, and in case of individual assembly: +80 °C  The maximum temperature of the surface of the valve jacket is 110 °C. This has to be considered when selecting the connection cable and/or contact of the connection cable with the surface of the jacket is to be prevented.  Ambient temperature range  C -20 +50 1)  Requirements for the mating connector  Temperature at the connector of the valve solenoid  C ≥ 100 7)  Area of application according to directive 2014/34/EU  If 3G; II 3D	Information on the explosion protection		
Maximum surface temperature 6)  Temperature class  Type of protection valve solenoid according to Ex 60079-15 / EN 60079-31  Type examination certificate Solenoid  Special application conditions for safe application  Provided the selectrical processes.  In order to avoid dangers caused by static charge, the base and/or subplate on which the valve is to be fitted must be electrically conductive and included in the equipotential bonding.  The valve solenoid must not be installed close to charge generating processes.  Dust layers with a thickness > 50 mm are not admissible.  Maximum hydraulic fluid temperature:  In case of bank assembly, as long as only one solenoid is energized at a time, and in case of individual assembly: +80 °C  In case of bank assembly when more than one solenoid is energized simultaneously: +65 °C  The maximum temperature of the surface of the valve jacket is 110 °C. This has to be considered when selecting the connection cable and/or contact of the connection cable with the surface of the jacket is to be prevented.  Ambient temperature range  °C   20 +50 ¹)  Requirements for the mating connector  Temperature at the connector of the valve solenoid  °C   2100 ¹)  Area of application according to directive 2014/34/EU  Il 3G; Il 3D	Area of application according to directive 2014/34/EU	II 3G	II 3D
Temperature class  Type of protection valve solenoid according to Ex nA IIC T3 Gc Ex tc IIIC T140 °C Dc EN 60079-15 / EN 60079-31  Type examination certificate Solenoid  Special application conditions for safe application  P Connection lines must be passed in a pull-relieved way.  The valve is to be installed so that no impact stresses > 4 J can take effect.  In order to avoid dangers caused by static charge, the base and/or subplate on which the valve is to be fitted must be electrically conductive and included in the equipotential bonding.  The valve solenoid must not be installed close to charge generating processes.  Dust layers with a thickness > 50 mm are not admissible.  Maximum hydraulic fluid temperature: In case of bank assembly, as long as only one solenoid is energized at a time, and in case of individual assembly: +80 °C In case of bank assembly when more than one solenoid is energized simultaneously: +65 °C  The maximum temperature of the surface of the valve jacket is 110 °C. This has to be considered when selecting the connection cable and/or contact of the connection cable with the surface of the jacket is to be prevented.  Ambient temperature range  C -20 +50 ¹1  Requirements for the mating connector  Temperature at the connector of the valve solenoid  C ≥ 100 ¹7  Area of application according to directive 2014/34/EU  II 3G; II 3D	Type of protection valve	c (EN 13463-5)	
Type of protection valve solenoid according to EN 60079-15 / EN 60079-31  Type examination certificate Solenoid  Special application conditions for safe application  P Connection lines must be passed in a pull-relieved way. P The valve is to be installed so that no impact stresses > 4 J can take effect. In order to avoid dangers caused by static charge, the base and/or subplate on which the valve is to be fitted must be electrically conductive and included in the equipotential bonding. P The valve solenoid must not be installed close to charge generating processes. Dust layers with a thickness > 50 mm are not admissible. Maximum hydraulic fluid temperature: In case of bank assembly, as long as only one solenoid is energized at a time, and in case of individual assembly: +80 °C In case of bank assembly when more than one solenoid is energized simultaneously: +65 °C P The maximum temperature of the surface of the valve jacket is 110 °C. This has to be considered when selecting the connection cable and/or contact of the connection cable with the surface of the jacket is to be prevented.  Ambient temperature range c 2 20 +50 ¹)  Requirements for the mating connector  Temperature at the connector of the valve solenoid C ≥ 100 ⁻)  Area of application according to directive 2014/34/EU  Il 3G; Il 3D	Maximum surface temperature <sup>6)</sup>	140	
Type examination certificate Solenoid  Special application conditions for safe application  Provided table to the valve is to be installed so that no impact stresses > 4 J can take effect.  In order to avoid dangers caused by static charge, the base and/or subplate on which the valve is to be fitted must be electrically conductive and included in the equipotential bonding.  The valve solenoid must not be installed close to charge generating processes.  Dust layers with a thickness > 50 mm are not admissible.  Maximum hydraulic fluid temperature: In case of bank assembly, as long as only one solenoid is energized at a time, and in case of individual assembly: +80 °C In case of bank assembly when more than one solenoid is energized simultaneously: +65 °C  The maximum temperature of the surface of the valve jacket is 110 °C. This has to be considered when selecting the connection cable and/or contact of the connection cable with the surface of the jacket is to be prevented.  Ambient temperature range  °C −20 +50 ¹)  Requirements for the mating connector  Temperature at the connector of the valve solenoid  °C ≥ 100 ⁻)  Area of application according to directive 2014/34/EU  Il 3G; Il 3D	Temperature class	T3	
<ul> <li>Special application conditions for safe application</li> <li>Connection lines must be passed in a pull-relieved way.</li> <li>The valve is to be installed so that no impact stresses &gt; 4 J can take effect.</li> <li>In order to avoid dangers caused by static charge, the base and/or subplate on which the valve is to be fitted must be electrically conductive and included in the equipotential bonding.</li> <li>The valve solenoid must not be installed close to charge generating processes.</li> <li>Dust layers with a thickness &gt; 50 mm are not admissible.</li> <li>Maximum hydraulic fluid temperature:         <ul> <li>In case of bank assembly, as long as only one solenoid is energized at a time, and in case of individual assembly: +80 °C</li> <li>In case of bank assembly when more than one solenoid is energized simultaneously: +65 °C</li> <li>The maximum temperature of the surface of the valve jacket is 110 °C. This has to be considered when selecting the connection cable and/or contact of the connection cable with the surface of the jacket is to be prevented.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Ambient temperature range</li> <li>°C -20 +50 ¹)</li> <li>Requirements for the mating connector</li> <li>Temperature at the connector of the valve solenoid</li> <li>°C ≥ 100 ⁻)</li> <li>Area of application according to directive 2014/34/EU</li> <li>If 3G; II 3D</li> </ul>		Ex nA IIC T3 Gc	Ex tc IIIC T140 °C Dc
<ul> <li>► The valve is to be installed so that no impact stresses &gt; 4 J can take effect.</li> <li>► In order to avoid dangers caused by static charge, the base and/or subplate on which the valve is to be fitted must be electrically conductive and included in the equipotential bonding.</li> <li>► The valve solenoid must not be installed close to charge generating processes.</li> <li>► Dust layers with a thickness &gt; 50 mm are not admissible.</li> <li>► Maximum hydraulic fluid temperature:         <ul> <li>In case of bank assembly, as long as only one solenoid is energized at a time, and in case of individual assembly: +80 °C</li> <li>In case of bank assembly when more than one solenoid is energized simultaneously: +65 °C</li> <li>► The maximum temperature of the surface of the valve jacket is 110 °C. This has to be considered when selecting the connection cable and/or contact of the connection cable with the surface of the jacket is to be prevented.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Ambient temperature range</li> <li>°C -20 +50 ¹)</li> <li>Requirements for the mating connector</li> <li>Temperature at the connector of the valve solenoid</li> <li>°C ≥ 100 ⁻)</li> <li>Area of application according to directive 2014/34/EU</li> <li>Il 3G; Il 3D</li> </ul>	Type examination certificate Solenoid	BVS 12 AT	EX E 062 X
Requirements for the mating connector  Temperature at the connector of the valve solenoid °C ≥ 100 7)  Area of application according to directive 2014/34/EU II 3G; II 3D		<ul> <li>The valve is to be installed so the take effect.</li> <li>In order to avoid dangers caused subplate on which the valve is to conductive and included in the left of the valve solenoid must not be ing processes.</li> <li>Dust layers with a thickness &gt; 50</li> <li>Maximum hydraulic fluid temper In case of bank assembly, as longized at a time, and in case of in In case of bank assembly when gized simultaneously: +65 °C</li> <li>The maximum temperature of the 110 °C. This has to be considered cable and/or contact of the conthe jacket is to be prevented.</li> </ul>	d by static charge, the base and/or be fitted must be electrically equipotential bonding. installed close to charge generation of mm are not admissible. The rature:  If as only one solenoid is eneral endividual assembly: +80 °C more than one solenoid is eneral essurface of the valve jacket is end when selecting the connection
Temperature at the connector of the valve solenoid $^{\circ}$ C $\geq$ 100 $^{7}$ )  Area of application according to directive 2014/34/EU II 3G; II 3D	Ambient temperature range °C	-20 +50 <sup>1)</sup>	
Area of application according to directive 2014/34/EU II 3G; II 3D	Requirements for the mating connector		
	Temperature at the connector of the valve solenoid °C	≥ 100 <sup>7)</sup>	
Protection class in plugged condition IP 65 5)	Area of application according to directive 2014/34/EU	II 3G; II 3D	
	Protection class in plugged condition	IP 65 <sup>5)</sup>	

- 4) The switching times were determined at a hydraulic fluid temperature of 40 °C and a viscosity of 46 cSt. Deviating hydraulic fluid temperatures can result in different switching times! Switching times change dependent on operating time and application conditions.
- 5) If a suitable mating connector with sealing device, if required and a correctly mounted electric connection are used.
- 6) Surface temperature > 50 °C, provide contact protection.
- 7) Transfer temperature at the connector of the valve solenoid 85 °C at ambient temperature 40 °C.

### **Performance limits**

(measured with HLP46,  $\vartheta_{oil}$  = 40 ± 5 °C)

				0	perating pr	essure in b	ar	Flow in I/min
		Symbol	Comment	Р	Α	В	Т	
2-way circuit	UK	a A D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	With 2/2-way circuits, port P	350	350		350	40
2-way	СК	a W b b	or T must be closed by the customer!	350	350		350	40
circuit	UK	a A D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D		350	350		350	40
3-way circuit	СК	a W b b		350	350		350	40
4-way circuit (flow only possible in the direction of arrow)	D	a A B W b	3/2 directional valve (symbol "UK") in connection with Plus-1 plate: $p_P \ge p_A \ge p_B \ge p_T$	350	350	350	<b>p</b> <sub>P</sub> / <b>p</b> <sub>A</sub> / <b>p</b> <sub>B</sub> -40	40
4-way circuit (flow only possible in direction of arrow)	Y	a W b	3/2 directional valve (symbol "CK") in connection with Plus-1 plate: $p_P \ge p_A \ge p_B \ge p_T$	350	350	350	<b>p</b> <sub>P</sub> / <b>p</b> <sub>A</sub> / <b>p</b> <sub>B</sub> −40	40

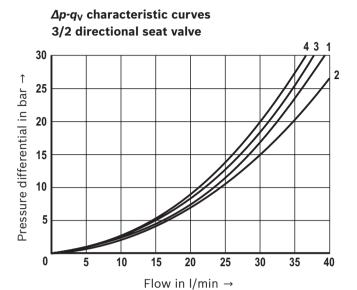
### Motices:

<sup>▶</sup> Please observe the general information, page 16.

<sup>►</sup> The performance limits were determined when the solenoids were at operating temperature, at 10 % undervoltage and without tank preloading.

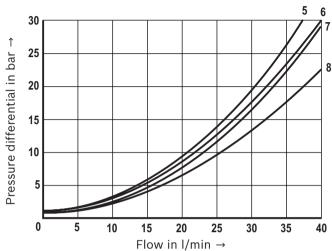
### **Characteristic curves**

(measured with HLP46,  $\vartheta_{oil} = 40 \pm 5$  °C)

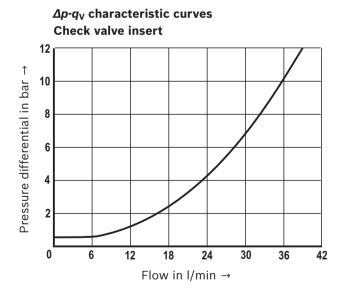


- **1**  $P \rightarrow A (CK)$
- 2 A → T (CK)
- **3** P → A (UK)
- 4 A → T (UK)

# $\Delta p$ - $q_V$ characteristic curves 4/2 directional seat valve



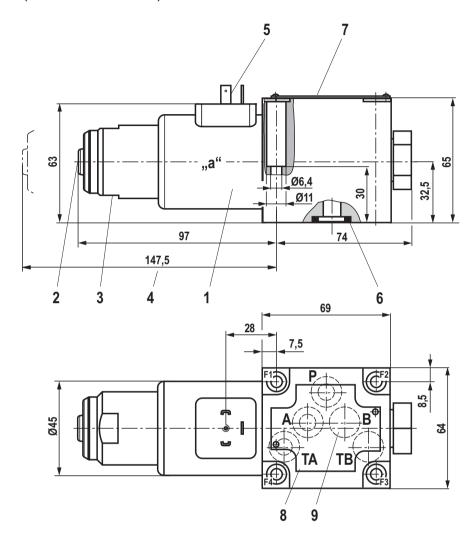
- **5** A → T
- **6** P → A
- **7** B → T
- **8** P → B

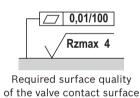


### Δp-q<sub>V</sub> characteristic curves **Throttle insert** B12 **B15** B18 600 1 Pressure differential in bar 500 **B20** 400 300 **B22** 200 100 0 12 18 42

Flow in I/min →

# **Dimensions:** 3/2 directional seat valve – version "UK" (dimensions in mm)





- 1 Solenoid coil
- 2 Manual override "N"
- 3 Mounting nut with double edge, wrench size 32
- 4 Space required to remove the solenoid coil
- 5 Plug-in connector according to EN 175301-803, design A
- 6 Identical seal rings for ports A, B, T, seal ring for port P
- 7 Name plate
- 8 Porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05
- 9 Ports B and TB are designed as blind counterbore

### Valve mounting screws (separate order)

For reasons of stability, exclusively use the following valve mounting screws:

### 4 hexagon socket head cap screws

ISO 4762 - M6 x 40 - 10.9-flZn-240h-L

(friction coefficient  $\mu_{\text{total}} = 0.09 \text{ to } 0.14$ );

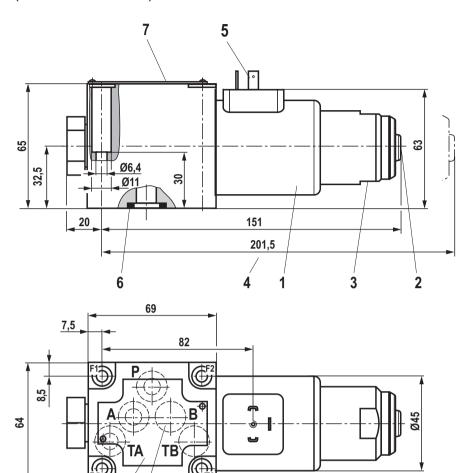
material no. R913000058

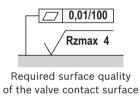
**Subplates** (separate order) with porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05, see data sheet 45100.

### Notice:

Subplates are no components in the sense of directive 2014/34/EU and can be used after the manufacturer of the overall system has conducted an assessment of the risk of ignition.

# **Dimensions:** 3/2 directional seat valve – version "CK" (dimensions in mm)





- 1 Solenoid coil
- 2 Manual override "N"
- 3 Mounting nut with double edge, wrench size 32
- 4 Space required to remove the solenoid coil
- 5 Plug-in connector according to EN 175301-803, design A
- 6 Identical seal rings for ports A, B, T, seal ring for port P
- 7 Name plate
- 8 Porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05
- 9 Ports B and TB are designed as blind counterbore

### Valve mounting screws (separate order)

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(friction coefficient  $\mu_{\text{total}}$  = 0.09 to 0.14);

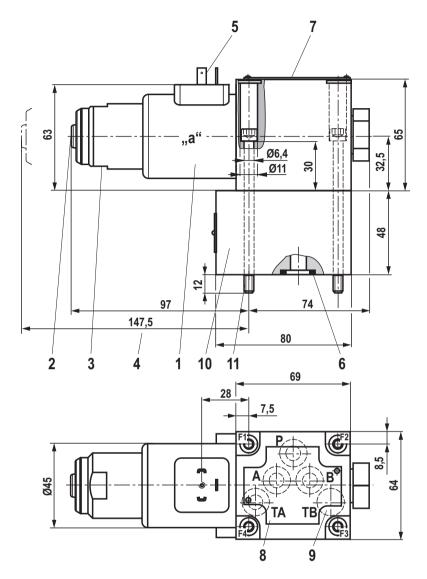
material no. R913000058

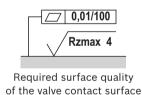
**Subplates** (separate order) with porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05, see data sheet 45100.



Subplates are no components in the sense of directive 2014/34/EU and can be used after the manufacturer of the overall system has conducted an assessment of the risk of ignition.

# **Dimensions:** 4/2 directional seat valve – version "D" (dimensions in mm)





- 1 Solenoid coil
- 2 Manual override "N"
- 3 Mounting nut with double edge, wrench size 32
- 4 Space required to remove the solenoid coil
- 5 Plug-in connector according to EN 175301-803, design A
- **6** Identical seal rings for ports A, B, T, seal ring for port P
- 7 Name plate
- 8 Porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05
- 9 Port TB is designed as blind counterbore
- 10 Plus-1 plate

**Valve mounting screws** (included within the scope of delivery) For reasons of stability, exclusively use the following valve mounting screws:

4 hexagon socket head cap screws ISO 4762 - M6 x 90 - 10.9-flZn-240h-L

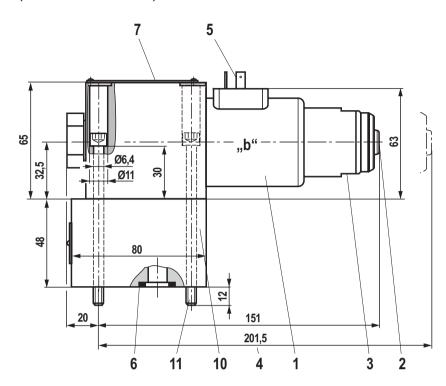
(friction coefficient  $\mu_{\text{total}} = 0.09 \text{ to } 0.14$ );

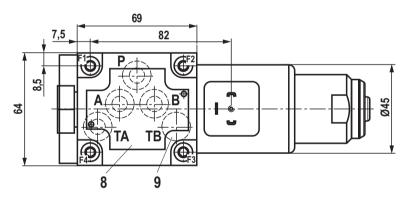
**Subplates** (separate order) with porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05, see data sheet 45100.

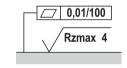


Subplates are no components in the sense of directive 2014/34/EU and can be used after the manufacturer of the overall system has conducted an assessment of the risk of ignition.

# **Dimensions:** 4/2 directional seat valve – version "Y" (dimensions in mm)







Required surface quality of the valve contact surface

- 1 Solenoid coil
- 2 Manual override "N"
- 3 Mounting nut with double edge, wrench size 32
- 4 Space required to remove the solenoid coil
- 5 Plug-in connector according to EN 175301-803, design A
- **6** Identical seal rings for ports A, B, T, seal ring for port P
- 7 Name plate
- 8 Porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05
- 9 Port TB is designed as blind counterbore
- 10 Plus-1 plate

**Valve mounting screws** (included within the scope of delivery)
For reasons of stability, exclusively use the following valve mounting screws:

4 hexagon socket head cap screws ISO 4762 - M6 x 90 - 10.9-flZn-240h-L

(friction coefficient  $\mu_{\text{total}}$  = 0.09 to 0.14);

**Subplates** (separate order) with porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05, see data sheet 45100.



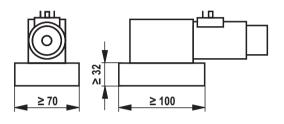
Subplates are no components in the sense of directive 2014/34/EU and can be used after the manufacturer of the overall system has conducted an assessment of the risk of ignition.

### Installation conditions

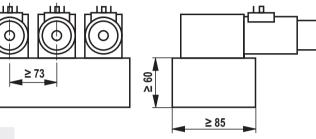
(dimensions in mm)

	Individual assembly	Bank assembly
Subplate dimensions	Minimum dimensions Length ≥ 100, width ≥ 70, height ≥ 32	Minimum cross-section Height ≥ 60, width ≥ 85
hermal conductivity of the subplate	≥ 38 W/mK (E	N-GJS-500-7)
Minimum distance between the longitudinal valve axes	> `	73

### Individual assembly









With regard to the hydraulic fluid temperature, observe the "Special application conditions for safe application" on page 7.

### **Throttle insert**

The use of a throttle insert is required when due to prevailing operating conditions, flows can occur during the switching processes, which exceed the performance limit of the valve.

### Examples:

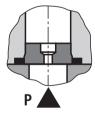
- ► Accumulator operation,
- use as pilot control valve with internal pilot fluid tapping.

### 3/2 directional seat valve

The throttle insert is inserted in port P of the seat valve.

### 4/2 directional seat valve

The throttle insert is inserted in port P of the Plus-1 plate.



### **Check valve insert**

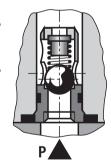
The check valve insert allows a free flow from P to A and closes A to P.

### 3/2 directional seat valve

The check valve insert is inserted in port P of the seat valve.

### 4/2 directional seat valve

The check valve insert is inserted in port P of the Plus-1 plate.



### **Electrical connection**

The type-examination tested valve solenoid of the valve is equipped with an electrical connection according to the following table. The electrical connection of the solenoid is polarity-independent.

### **Electrical connections and coil connection combinations**

Connector ordering code		Top view	Circuit diagram	Pin	Connections, assignment
Connector, 3-pole (2+PE) according to DIN EN 175301-803 (IP65)	К4	1)	□ 1 □ ° ⊕ ₩ 2	1 2	Solenoid coil, polarity-independent
				<b>(1)</b>	Earthing

<sup>1)</sup> M3, maximum tightening torque **M**<sub>A max</sub> = 1 Nm

### Over-current fuse and switch-off voltage peaks

Voltage data in the valve type code	Nominal voltage Valve solenoid	Rated current Valve solenoid	Recommended pre-fuse characteristics medium time-lag according to DIN EN 60127-1
G24	24 V DC	0.95 A DC	1 A

### Notice:

A fuse which corresponds to the rated current according to DIN 41571 and EN / IEC 60127 has to be connected upstream of every valve solenoid (max.  $3 \times I_{rated}$ ).

The shut-off threshold of the fuse has to match the prospective short-circuit current of the supply source.

The prospective short-circuit current of the supply source may amount to a maximum of 1500 A.

This fuse may only be installed outside the potentially explosive atmosphere or must be of an explosion-proof design. When inductivities are switched off, voltage peaks result which may cause faults in the connected control electronics. The voltage peak must be damped by a suitable external circuitry. We recommend a circuitry with a suppressor diode with a limitation voltage of approx. 50 V.

### Accessories (separate order)

### **Mating connector**

Cable set DS2513	Length in m	Material number	
Plug-in connection with securely potted-in cable according to	3.0	R901200418	
DIN EN 175301-803, see data sheet 08006	5.0	R901200460	
	12.0	R901200582	

### **General information**

Seat valves can be used according to the spool symbols as well as the assigned operating pressures and flows (see performance limits on page 8).

In order to ensure safe functioning, it is absolutely necessary to observe the following:

- ► Seat valves have a negative spool overlap, i.e. during the switching process, there is leakage oil. This process takes, however, place within such a short time that it is irrelevant in nearly all applications.
- ► The specified maximum flow must not be exceeded (use a throttle insert for flow limitation, if necessary).

### Plus-1 plate:

- ▶ If the Plus-1 plate (4/2 directional function) is used, the following lower operating values have to be observed:  $p_{min} = 8 \text{ bar}$ ;  $q_V > 3 \text{ l/min}$ .
- ► The ports P, A, B and T are clearly specified according to their tasks. They must not be exchanged or closed.
- ▶ Port T must always be connected.
- ▶ Observe the pressure level and pressure distribution.
- ▶ The flow is only permitted in the direction of arrow.

### **Further information**

▶ Subplates Data sheet 45100
 ▶ Use of non-electrical hydraulic components in an potentially explosive environ Data sheet 45100

► Use of non-electrical hydraulic components in an potentially explosive environment (ATEX)

▶ Hydraulic fluids on mineral oil basis
 ▶ Environmentally compatible hydraulic fluids
 Data sheet 90221

Environmentally compatible hydraulic fluids
 Data sneet 90221
 Directional seat valves, direct operated, with solenoid actuation
 Operating instructions 22045-XN-B

► Selection of filters www.boschrexroth.com/filter

► Information on available spare parts www.boschrexroth.com/spc

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